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Horinzontal plastic injection molding machine: Safety checklist

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HORIZONTAL PLASTIC INJECTION MOLDING MACHINE

SAFETY CHECKLISTS

RG-687





SAFETY CHECKLISTS

This document has been developed to support companies in the plastics processing industry in their efforts to prevent accidents involving horizontal plastic injection molding machines. It can also serve as a basic document in the training offered to the personnel in these companies and to students in plastics processing. However, it does not allow a risk analysis to be done to determine the limits, to identify hazards, and to estimate the risk; in these cases, appropriate standards must be consulted. Users of this document must have knowledge about horizontal plastic injection molding machines in general, and the ones that they use in particular.

Practical safety checklists make up the core of this document, namely a general checklist on the safeguarding of machines, and a specific checklist for those individuals who perform various tasks on these machines, such as production, tuning, maintenance. These checklists essentially refer to sections of ANSI/SPI B151.1 – 2007 standard (see reference 1), which are indicated for consultation purposes.

The components of a horizontal plastic injection molding machine and the safeguards against its inherent risks are also presented to facilitate the use of the checklists.

These risks can lead to serious, and even fatal, injuries. The following tables present the main harm that can be associated with the hazard zones of the **mold closing unit** and **injection unit** of these machines.

| MOLD CLOSING UNIT | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| HAZARD ZONES | POSSIBLE HARM | | | | | |
| MOLD AREA (mold opening and closing movements, movement of ejectors) | Burns Injury due to expelled material (e.g., fragments from an improperly installed mold) Shearing Impact Crushing Death | | | | | |
| CLOSING MECHANISM (shearing and pinch points on the sides and behind the movable platen) | Shearing Impact Crushing | | | | | |

| INJECTION UNIT | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| HAZARD ZONES | POSSIBLE HARM | | | | | |
| NOZZLE AREA | Burns Injury due to expelled material Intoxication by the vapours emitted from the hot plastic Crushing Shearing | | | | | |
| SCREW AREA (screw, feed throat leading to an access to the screw, vent on the plasticizing unit, injection barrel) | Burns Intoxication by the vapours emitted from the hot plastic Winding around the screw Shearing Crushing Death | | | | | |





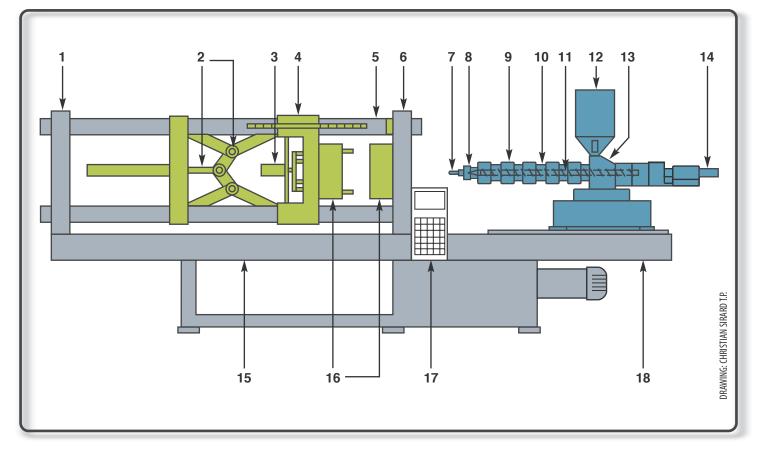




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trest HORIZONTAL PLASTIC INJECTION MOLDING MACHINE: COMPONENTS

- FIGURE 1
- **1.** Backing platen
- 2. Closing mechanism Toggle lever and cylinder
- **3.** Ejector
- 4. Movable platen (Floating platen)
- 5. Tie bar
- 6. Fixed platen
- 7. Nozzle
- 8. Barrel head
- **9.** Heater band
- **10.** Injection barrel (Transfer chamber)
- **11.** Screw
- **12.** Feed hopper
- **13.** Feed throat
- 14. Screw motor
- **15.** Parts discharge opening
- **16.** Mold
- 17. Digital control panel
- 18. Frame





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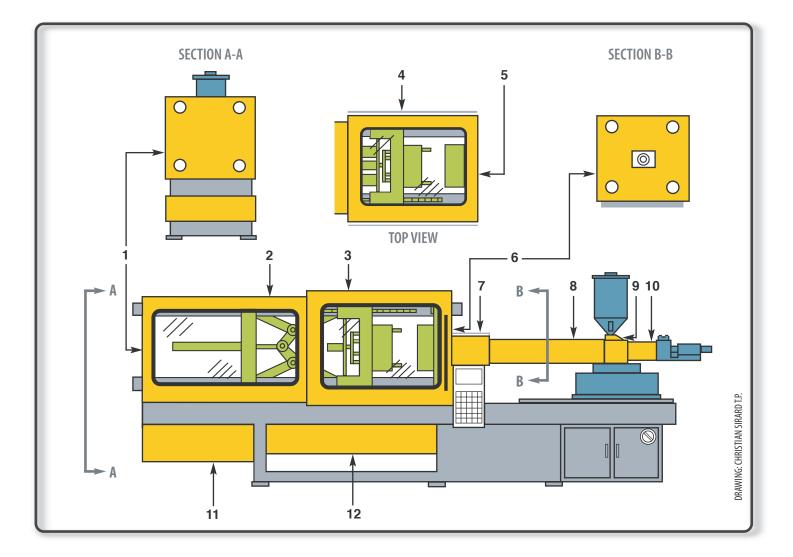
SAFEGUARDS: GUARDS

FIGURE 2

⊿⊒

- 1. Guard at the end of the closing mechanism (section A-A)
- **2.** Guard for the closing mechanism
- **3.** Mold area guard (operator side)
- 4. Guard opposite the operator side
- 5. Top guard
- **6.** Guard at the end of mold area (section B-B)
- 7. Purge splash guard
- 8. Injection barrel guard
- **9.** Feed throat casing
- **10.** Screw coupling guard
- **11.** Guard under the closing mechanism
- **12.** Guard (or conveyor or chute) for the parts discharge opening

NOTE: Guard 4 is installed on the machine, opposite guard 3, and may resemble it.



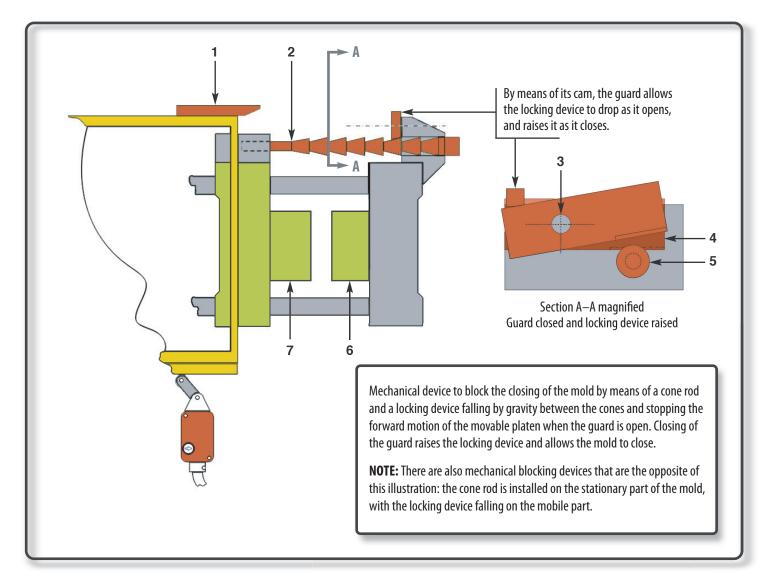
PROTECTIVE DEVICES

FIGURE 3

EXAMPLE OF BLOCKING MECHANISM FOR THE MOVABLE PLATEN WHEN THE MOLD AREA GUARD (OPERATOR SIDE) IS OPEN

Different protective devices are installed on guards such as the mold area guard. Their state allows the relevant parts of the machine to operate or not. Position switches and hydraulic or pneumatic valves are examples of protective devices (see reference 2 to learn about their safe installation). In the mold area, the blocking mechanism for the movable platen is also a protective device, as illustrated below.

- 1. Cam connected to the guard
- 2. Cone rod attached to the mobile mold
- 3. Locking device pivot
- 4. Lowered locking device (open guard)
- 5. Cone rod
- 6. Stationary part of mold
- 7. Mobile part of mold



SAFEGUARD CHECKLIST

Each machine must be subjected to verifications using the following checklists. "Yes" answers to the statements on the checklists are synonymous with compliance with the standard. "No" answers imply that the machine must be repaired or stopped.

The general checklist for verifying the safeguarding of the horizontal injection molding machine is intended primarily for the person in charge of start-up of the machine.

Checklist completed by: _____

Signature: _____

Date (MM/DD/YYYY): ______

Submitted to: _____

| | (ITS) | t SAFEGUARDING OF THE MOLD CLOSING UNIT | | |
|-----------------------|-------|---|-----|----|
| | N° | | YES | NO |
| | MOLD | AREA GUARD (FIGURE 2) WITH INTERLOCKING OR BLOCKING DEVICE (FIGURE 3) | | |
| | 1. | This guard protects the operator from ejector movements. (For more information on the installation of interlocks, see reference 2.) (sec. 9.2.1) | | |
| | 2. | This guard protects the operator from mold closing and opening. (sec. 9.2.1) | | |
| | 3. | This guard protects the operator from hot plastic expelled during production. (sec. 9.2.1) | | |
| ACCESS TO THE MOLD | 4. | This guard must be closed for the machine to operate. (sec. 9.2.1) | | |
| FROM THE OPERATOR | CASE | WHERE THE MOLD AREA GUARD IS A POWER-OPERATED GATE | | |
| SIDE | 5. | The guard operates in such a way as not to injure the operator when it closes (e.g.: presence of a pressure sensitive switch). (sec. 9.2.1.1) | | |
| | 6. | Closure of the guard does not initiate an operation cycle (unless it is synchronized with a robot). (sec. 9.2.1.1) | | |
| | CASE | OF A MECHANICAL BLOCKING DEVICE (FIGURE 3) | | |
| | 7. | This device prevents the platens from closing when the mold area guard is sufficiently open to allow access. (sec. 9.2.3) | | |
| | | | | |

SAFEGUARDING OF THE MOLD CLOSING UNIT

| | Usi | t SAFEGUARDING OF THE MOLD CLOSING UNIT | - | |
|--------------------|------|---|-----|----|
| | | OF AN INDEPENDENT HYDRAULIC OR PNEUMATIC INTERLOCK 'EN MOVED BY HYDRAULIC OR PNEUMATIC ENERGY) | YES | NO |
| | 8. | This device prevents the platens from closing when the mold area guard is sufficiently open to allow access. (sec. 9.2.4) | | |
| | CASE | OF AN ELECTRICAL INTERLOCK | | |
| | 9. | This device prevents the machine mechanism from moving when the mold area guard is sufficiently open to allow access. (sec. 9.2.2) | | |
| | 10. | This device is protected against accidental actuation, such as involuntary bypassing of the device (see reference 2). (sec. 9.2.2) | | |
| | 11. | If the machine is powered by an energy other than hydraulic or pneumatic, an additional independent interlock device is present. (sec. 9.2.2) | | |
| ACCESS TO | 12. | When the blocking mechanism is a bar that fulfills its function only at the maximum opening point according to the current production (set point), the electrical interlock allows the platen opening movement to continue up to the set point so that the blocking mechanism engages. (sec. 9.2.2) | | |
| HE MOLD ROM THE | CASE | OF SOME HORIZONTAL PLASTIC INJECTION MOLDING MACHINES | | |
| OPERATOR SIDE | 13. | In semi-automatic operating mode, the choice of the "no motion" or "motion" operating mode of the machine is authorized only by a key selector. (sec. 9.2.5) | | |
| | 14. | When the "no motion" mode is chosen, motions of the platens, cores and ejectors are prevented as long as the mold area guard remains open. (sec. 9.2.5) | | |
| | 15. | When the "motion" mode is chosen, the mold area guard can only be opened during the platen opening, ejector forward motion, and core-out phase. (sec. 9.2.5) | | |
| | 16. | When the movable platen opens while the mold area guard is open, any shearing and pinch zone behind the mounting surface of the mobile part of the mold remains inaccessible. (sec. 9.2.1 and 9.2.5) | | |
| | 17. | In automatic or manual operating mode, when the mold area guard is open, it is impossible to move the platen, cores and ejectors. (sec. 9.2.5) | | |



| ACCESS TO THE MOLD 1 FROM THE SIDE OPPOSITE THE OPERATOR 1 | GUARD OPPOSITE THE OPERATOR SIDE (FIGURE 2) 18. This guard is present. (sec. 9.2.6) 19. This guard has at least one interlock device that prevents all movement of the machine if it is open or removed. (sec. 9.2.6) GUARD ABOVE THE MOLD AREA (FIGURE 2) | |
|--|---|--|
| THE MOLD 1 FROM THE 1 SIDE OPPOSITE 1 THE OPERATOR 1 ACCESS TO 2 | 18. (sec. 9.2.6) 19. This guard has at least one interlock device that prevents all movement of the machine if it is open or removed. (sec. 9.2.6) | |
| SIDE OPPOSITE THE OPERATOR 1 ACCESS TO 2 | 19. or removed. (sec. 9.2.6) | |
| ACCESS TO 2 | GUARD ABOVE THE MOLD AREA (FIGURE 2) | |
| | | |
| | 20. This guard (fixed or movable) exists. (sec. 9.2.7) [| |
| FROM ABOVE | 21. If it is movable, it is equipped with an interlock device. (sec. 9.2.7) | |
| | PARTS DISCHARGE OPENING | |
| ACCESS TO THE MOLD 2 FROM BELOW | A fixed or movable guard, or a conveyor, or a chute of dimensions complying with the following figure exists. (figures 2 and 5) (sec. 7.3.6 and 9.2.8)Dimensions to be met for the parts discharge opening: If a < 100 mm (3.9 in.), then b > 550 mm (21.6 in.) OR If a > 100 mm (3.9 in.), then b > 550 mm – aFigure 5:Dimensions of the parts discharge opening $\leq 500 \text{ mm}$ (19.7 in.) $\leq 500 \text{ mm}$ (19.7 in.) $\langle \hat{\mathbf{C}} \rangle$ Copyright 2007 The Society of the Plastics Industry, Inc. All rights reserved. Reproduced with the permission of SPI. | |
| Remarks: | | |



| N° | | YES | NC |
|-------|--|-----|----|
| 23. | Fingers or hands cannot reach the screw through the feed throat (e.g.: due to the presence of the feed hopper). (sec. 9.3.2) | | |
| 24. | The room where the machine is located is sufficiently ventilated to protect against hazardous vapours. (sec. 10.6) | | |
| PROTI | ECTION AGAINST EXPELLED MATERIAL AND AGAINST BURNS | | |
| 25. | The injection barrel is equipped with a guard (figure 2) or an insulative fabric to prevent all contact with very hot surfaces. (sec. 9.3.6) | | |
| 26. | The vent is equipped with a cover to protect the worker from expelled plastic or from vapour emissions. (sec. 9.3.3) | | |
| 27. | The workers wear personal protective equipment (PPE) to prevent or limit harm (e.g.: burns, expelled material). (Examples of PPE to use: goggles, gloves and protective hood) (sec. 9.3.3) | | |
| 28. | A purge splash guard (figure 2) protects the front, rear and top of the purge area (back of the fixed platen). (sec. 9.3.5) | | |
| 29. | This guard is equipped with an interlock that prevents rotation of the screw as well as forward motion of the plunger, screw and injection carriage. (sec. 9.3.5) | | |
| 30. | When the mold area guard (figure 2) is open, rotation of the screw is permitted only when the nozzle closing device prevents discharge of material (hot plastic). (sec. 9.2.9) | | |
| IN TH | E CASE OF A SWIVEL INJECTION UNIT (OUTSIDE ITS OPERATING POSITION) WITH AN INTERLOCK | | |
| 31. | Forward motion of the plunger or screw is possible only in manual mode. (sec. 9.3.7) | | |
| 32. | The maximum forward speed is 13 mm/s (0.5 in./s). (sec. 9.3.7) | | |

Remarks:



| | N° | YES NO |
|--|-----------|---|
| SPACE BETWEEN THE MOLD AREA | WHE | A PERSON COULD BE IN THIS SPACE |
| HE MOLD AREA WARD AND HE MOLD REA FIGURES 6 AND 7) | 33. | An emergency stop button* is easily accessible from this space AND This space is equipped with a mechanical device to block the mold area guard from closing. OR a double acknowledgement system for checking that no one is in the mold area** OR a presence-sensing device. (sec. 9.4.1) |
| PACE BETWEEN | WHE | N A PERSON COULD BE IN THIS SPACE |
| THE GUARD OPPOSITE THE OPERATOR SIDE | 34. | An emergency stop button* is easily accessible from this space. (sec. 9.4.2) |
| AND THE MOLD | | |
| AND THE MOLD AREA (FIGURES 6 AND 7) FIGURE 6: | Horizonta | According to section 3.22 of ANSI/SPI B151.1 – 2007 standard, a "large molding machine" means any horizontal plastic injection molding machine with the following characteristics: I molding machine with tiebars FIGURE 7: Horizontal molding machine without tiebar |

• e1 or e2 > 1200 mm (47 in.)

 a < 850 mm (33.5 in.) and e1 > 400 mm (15.7 in.) and e2 > 400 mm (15.7 in.) OR

- e1 > 1200 mm (47 in.) OR
- e2 > 1200 mm (47 in.)

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| | WHEN A PLATFORM IS USED TO ACCESS THE WORKING AREA DURING NORMAL OPERATION OF THE MACHINE | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN WITH WORKING PLATFORM | 35. | One or more presence-sensing devices (e.g.: pressure-sensitive mat) are installed and positioned in such a way as to detect the presence of a person on the platform. (sec. 9.4.3.1) | | |
| | | ACTUATION OF THE PRESENCE-SENSING DEVICE (SEC. 9.4.3.1) | | |
| | 36. | Prevents the closing motion of the power-operated gate used as the mold area guard; | | |
| | 37. | Prevents motion of the movable platen; | | |

| N° YES NO ACTUATION OF THE PRESENCE-SENSING DEVICE (SEC. 9.4.3.1) (CONT.) ACTUATION OF THE PRESENCE-SENSING DEVICE (SEC. 9.4.3.1) (CONT.) MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATE NWTH WORKING PLATFORM 39. Prevents movement of the injection mechanism; | | | t ADDITIONAL SAFEGUARDING FOR LARGE MOLDING MACHIN | | |
|---|---|--|--|-----------------------------|-----|
| MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN WITH WORKING PLATEN WITH WORKING PLATEN WITH WORKING PLATEN WITH WORKING PLATEN WITH WORKING PLATEN WITH WORKING PLATEN WITH WORKING PLATEN WITHOUT WORKING PLATEN WITHOUT WORKING PLATEN WORKING PLATEN WORKING PLATEN WORKING PLATEN WORKING PLATEN WORKING PLATEN WORKING PLATEN WITHOUT WORKING PLATEN WORKI | | N° | | YES | NO |
| MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN WITH WORKING PLATFORM 39. Prevents movement of the injection mechanism; 40. Stops all movement during closing of the mold; | | | ACTUATION OF THE PRESENCE-SENSING DEVICE (SEC. 9.4.3.1) (CONT.) | | |
| PLATEN WITH WORKING PLATFORM 39. Prevents movement of the injection mechanism; 40. Stops all movement during closing of the mold; 41. Requires that the large molding machine be manually restarted before a new cycle is begun. MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN WITHOUT WORKING PLATFORM WHEN THE LARGE MOLDING MACHINE IS NOT EQUIPPED WITH A PLATFORM (IN THE MOLD AREA) ALLOWING ACCESS TO THE WORKING ZONE DURING NORMAL OPERATION MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN WITHOUT WORKING PLATFORM • There is a mechanical blocking device for the mold area guard 0 • There is a double acknowledgement system for checking that no one is in the mold area**. (sec. 9.4.3.2) MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN WITHOUT WORKING PLATFORM 43. Automatic start-up of movement of the large molding machine is impossible when the mold area guard is closing. (sec. 9.4.4) * ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard offers the possibility of using an emergency reverse button. This measure must be adopted with care and after a risk evaluation has been performed; this is necessary because actuating the button can be dangerous when more than one operator is working on the machine. For example, if a worker caught in the mold area guard requires direct and continuous action by the worker. (sec. 9.4.4) * According to ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard, the "double acknowledgement system" for checking that no one is in the mold area is a system that authorizes the start of a machine cycle only after the following sequence has been completed: ** According to ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard, the "double acknowledgement system" for checking that | MOLD AND | 38. | Prevents movement of the cores or ejectors; | | |
| 40. Stops all movement during closing of the mold; 41. Requires that the large molding machine be manually restarted before a new cycle is begun. MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN WITHOUT WORKING PLATFORM WHEN THE LARGE MOLDING MACHINE IS NOT EQUIPPED WITH A PLATFORM (IN THE MOLD AREA) ALLOWING ACCESS TO THE WORKING ZONE DURING NORMAL OPERATION WOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN WITHOUT WORKING PLATFORM • There is a mechanical blocking device for the mold area guard OR • There is a double acknowledgement system for checking that no one is in the mold area**. (sec. 9.4.3.2) MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN • Utomatic start-up of movement of the large molding machine is impossible when the mold area guard is closing. (sec. 9.4.4) 43. Automatic start-up of movement of the large molding machine is impossible when the mold area guard is closing. (sec. 9.4.4) * ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard offers the possibility of using an emergency reverse button. This measure must be adopted with care and after a risk evaluatio has been performed; this is necessary because actuating the button can be dangerous when more than one operator is working on the machine. For example, if a worker caught in the mold area reverses the movement of the movable platen to free himself while a co-worker is in the toggle lever area, this reverse movement represents a major risk for the latter. ** According to ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard, the "double acknowledgement system" for checking that no one is in the mold area is a system that authorizes the start of a machine cycle only after the following sequence has been completed: 1 - Pressing on a first butt | PLATEN WITH | 39. | Prevents movement of the injection mechanism; | | |
| MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN WITHOUT WHEN THE LARGE MOLDING MACHINE IS NOT EQUIPPED WITH A PLATFORM (IN THE MOLD AREA) ALLOWING ACCESS TO THE WORKING ZONE DURING NORMAL OPERATION MOVABLE PLATEN WITHOUT • There is a mechanical blocking device for the mold area guard OR • There is a double acknowledgement system for checking that no one is in the mold area**. (sec. 9.4.3.2) MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATFORM • There is a double acknowledgement system for checking that no one is in the mold area**. (sec. 9.4.3.2) MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN • Automatic start-up of movement of the large molding machine is impossible when the mold area guard is closing. (sec. 9.4.4) • CYCLE INITIALIZATION • Closing of the mold area guard requires direct and continuous action by the worker. (sec. 9.4.4) • ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard offers the possibility of using an emergency reverse button. This measure must be adopted with care and after a risk evaluatio has been performed; this is necessary because actuating the button can be dangerous when more than one operator is working on the machine. For example, if a worker caught in the mold area reverses the movement of the movable platen to free himself while a co-worker is in the toggle lever area, this reverse movement represents a major risk for the latter. ** ** According to ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard, the "double acknowledgement system" for checking that no one is in the mold area is a system that authorizes the start of a machine cycle only after the following sequence has been completed: 1 - Pressing on a first button located inside the mold area guard (operator side); this area must be completely visible from the button location; | PLATFORM | 40. | Stops all movement during closing of the mold; | | |
| ALLOWING ACCESS TO THE WORKING ZONE DURING NORMAL OPERATION MOVABLE PLATEN WITHOUT WORKING PLATFORM • There is a mechanical blocking device for the mold area guard OR • There is a double acknowledgement system for checking that no one is in the mold area**. (sec. 9.4.3.2) MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN • There is a double acknowledgement of the large molding machine is impossible when the mold area guard is closing. (sec. 9.4.4) 43. Automatic start-up of movement of the large molding machine is impossible when the mold area guard is closing. (sec. 9.4.4) 44. Closing of the mold area guard requires direct and continuous action by the worker. (sec. 9.4.4) * ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard offers the possibility of using an emergency reverse button. This measure must be adopted with care and after a risk evaluatio has been performed; this is necessary because actuating the button can be dangerous when more than one operator is working on the machine. For example, if a worker caught in the mold area reverses the movement of the movable platen to free himself while a co-worker is in the toggle lever area, this reverse movement represents a major risk for the latter. ** According to ANSI/SPI B151.1 – 2007 standard, the "double acknowledgement system" for checking that no one is in the mold area is a system that authorizes the start of a machine cycle only after the following sequence has been completed: 1 - Pressing on a first button located inside the mold area guard (operator side); this area must be completely visible from the button location; 2 - Closing the mold area guard (operator side); the authorize initiation of a cycle. This area must be completely visible from the location of this button, which must be inaccessible from th | | 41. | Requires that the large molding machine be manually restarted before a new cycle is begun. | | |
| PLATEN WITHOUT WORKING PLATFORM 42. • There is a mechanical blocking device for the mold area guard OR • There is a double acknowledgement system for checking that no one is in the mold area**. (sec. 9.4.3.2) MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN 43. Automatic start-up of movement of the large molding machine is impossible when the mold area guard is closing. (sec. 9.4.4) 44. Closing of the mold area guard requires direct and continuous action by the worker. (sec. 9.4.4) ** ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard offers the possibility of using an emergency reverse button. This measure must be adopted with care and after a risk evaluatio has been performed; this is necessary because actuating the button can be dangerous when more than one operator is working on the machine. For example, if a worker caught in the mold area reverses the movement of the movable platen to free himself while a co-worker is in the toggle lever area, this reverse movement represents a major risk for the latter. *** According to ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard, the "double acknowledgement system" for checking that no one is in the mold area is a system that authorizes the start of a machine cycle only after the following sequence has been completed: 1 Pressing on a first button located outside the mold area guard (perator side); this area must be completely visible from the button location; 2 2 Closing the mold area guard (preator side); this area must be completely visible from the action; 3 *** According to ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard, the "double acknowledgement system" for checking tha | | | | | |
| PLATFORM • There is a double acknowledgement system for checking that no one is in the mold area**. (sec. 9.4.3.2) MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN 43. Automatic start-up of movement of the large molding machine is impossible when the mold area guard is closing. (sec. 9.4.4) 44. Closing of the mold area guard requires direct and continuous action by the worker. (sec. 9.4.4) * ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard offers the possibility of using an emergency reverse button. This measure must be adopted with care and after a risk evaluatio has been performed; this is necessary because actuating the button can be dangerous when more than one operator is working on the machine. For example, if a worker caught in the mold area reverses the movement of the movable platen to free himself while a co-worker is in the toggle lever area, this reverse movement represents a major risk for the latter. ** According to ANSI/SPI B151.1 – 2007 standard, the "double acknowledgement system" for checking that no one is in the mold area is a system that authorizes the start of a machine cycle only after the following sequence has been completed: 1 Pressing on a first button located inside the mold area guard (operator side); this area must be completely visible from the button location; 2 Closing the mold area guard (preduction operator side); to authorize initiation of a cycle. This area must be completely visible from the location of this button, which must be inaccessible from the area of the mold whose guard is closed. | | | There is a mechanical blocking device for the mold area guard | | |
| MOLD AND MOVABLE 43. Automatic start-up of movement of the large molding machine is impossible when the mold area guard is closing. (sec. 9.4.4) 44. Closing of the mold area guard requires direct and continuous action by the worker. (sec. 9.4.4) * ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard offers the possibility of using an emergency reverse button. This measure must be adopted with care and after a risk evaluatio has been performed; this is necessary because actuating the button can be dangerous when more than one operator is working on the machine. For example, if a worker caught in the mold area reverses the movement of the movable platen to free himself while a co-worker is in the toggle lever area, this reverse movement represents a major risk for the latter. ** According to ANSI/SPI B151.1 – 2007 standard, the "double acknowledgement system" for checking that no one is in the mold area is a system that authorizes the start of a machine cycle only after the following sequence has been completed: 1 Pressing on a first button located inside the mold area guard (preduction operator side); this area must be completely visible from the button location; 2 Closing the mold area guard (preduction operator side), to authorize initiation of a cycle. This area must be completely visible from the location of this button, which must be inaccessible from the area of the mold whose guard is closed. | | 42. | OR | | |
| MOLD AND MOVABLE PLATEN 43. Automatic start-up of movement of the large molding machine is impossible when the mold area guard is closing. (sec. 9.4.4) 44. Closing of the mold area guard requires direct and continuous action by the worker. (sec. 9.4.4) * ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard offers the possibility of using an emergency reverse button. This measure must be adopted with care and after a risk evaluatio has been performed; this is necessary because actuating the button can be dangerous when more than one operator is working on the machine. For example, if a worker caught in the mold area reverses the movement of the movable platen to free himself while a co-worker is in the toggle lever area, this reverse movement represents a major risk for the latter. ** According to ANSI/SPI B151.1 – 2007 standard, the "double acknowledgement system" for checking that no one is in the mold area is a system that authorizes the start of a machine cycle only after the following sequence has been completed: 1- Pressing on a first button located inside the mold area guard (operator side); this area must be completely visible from the button location; 2: Closing the mold area guard (operator side); 3- Pressing on a second button located outside the mold area guard (production operator side), to authorize initiation of a cycle. This area must be completely visible from the location of this button, which must be inaccessible from the area of the mold whose guard is closed. | PLAIFORM | | | | |
| MOVABLE 43. guard is closing. (sec. 9.4.4) 44. Closing of the mold area guard requires direct and continuous action by the worker. (sec. 9.4.4) * ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard offers the possibility of using an emergency reverse button. This measure must be adopted with care and after a risk evaluatio has been performed; this is necessary because actuating the button can be dangerous when more than one operator is working on the machine. For example, if a worker caught in the mold area reverses the movement of the movable platen to free himself while a co-worker is in the toggle lever area, this reverse movement represents a major risk for the latter. ** According to ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard, the "double acknowledgement system" for checking that no one is in the mold area is a system that authorizes the start of a machine cycle only after the following sequence has been completed: 1- Pressing on a first button located inside the mold area guard (operator side); this area must be completely visible from the button location; 2- Closing the mold area guard (production operator side), to authorize initiation of a cycle. This area must be completely visible from the location of this button, which must be inaccessible from the area of the mold whose guard is closed. | | CYCLE | INITIALIZATION | | |
| 44. Closing of the mold area guard requires direct and continuous action by the worker. (sec. 9.4.4) * ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard offers the possibility of using an emergency reverse button. This measure must be adopted with care and after a risk evaluation has been performed; this is necessary because actuating the button can be dangerous when more than one operator is working on the machine. For example, if a worker caught in the mold area reverses the movement of the movable platen to free himself while a co-worker is in the toggle lever area, this reverse movement represents a major risk for the latter. ** According to ANSI/SPI B151.1 - 2007 standard, the "double acknowledgement system" for checking that no one is in the mold area is a system that authorizes the start of a machine cycle only after the following sequence has been completed: 1- Pressing on a first button located inside the mold area guard (operator side); this area must be completely visible from the button location; 2- Closing the mold area guard (production operator side), to authorize initiation of a cycle. This area must be completely visible from the location of this button, which must be inaccessible from the area of the mold whose guard is closed. | MOVABLE | 43. | | | |
| has been performed; this is necessary because actuating the button can be dangerous when more than one operator is working on the machine. For example, if a worker caught in the mold area reverses the movement of the movable platen to free himself while a co-worker is in the toggle lever area, this reverse movement represents a major risk for the latter. ** According to ANSI/SPI B151.1 – 2007 standard, the "double acknowledgement system" for checking that no one is in the mold area is a system that authorizes the start of a machine cycle only after the following sequence has been completed: 1- Pressing on a first button located inside the mold area guard (operator side); this area must be completely visible from the button location; 2- Closing the mold area guard (operator side); 3- Pressing on a second button located outside the mold area guard (production operator side), to authorize initiation of a cycle. This area must be completely visible from the location of this button, which must be inaccessible from the area of the mold whose guard is closed. | PLATEN | 44. | Closing of the mold area guard requires direct and continuous action by the worker. (sec. 9.4.4) | | |
| 2- Closing the mold area guard (operator side); 3- Pressing on a second button located outside the mold area guard (production operator side), to authorize initiation of a cycle. This area must be completely visible from the location of this button, which must be inaccessible from the area of the mold whose guard is closed. | has been performed For example, if a wo this reverse movement ** According to ANSI/S | l; this is no orker caug ent repres PI B151.1 | ecessary because actuating the button can be dangerous when more than one operator is working on the m ht in the mold area reverses the movement of the movable platen to free himself while a co-worker is in the sents a major risk for the latter. – 2007 standard, the "double acknowledgement system" for checking that no one is in the mold area is a sy | achine. toggle lever are | 2a, |
| 3- Pressing on a second button located outside the mold area guard (production operator side), to authorize initiation of a cycle. This area must be completely visible from the location of this button, which must be inaccessible from the area of the mold whose guard is closed. | 1- Pressing on a first be | utton loca | ted inside the mold area guard (operator side); this area must be completely visible from the button location | on; | |
| This area must be completely visible from the location of this button, which must be inaccessible from the area of the mold whose guard is closed. | | - | - | | |
| Remarks: | J | | | closed. | |
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SAFEGUARDING CHECKLIST FOR PEOPLE WORKING ON THE MACHINE

Before working in the machine hazard zones, each worker (e.g.: production operator, maintenance technician, mold set-up technician) should check that the existing safeguards are functioning correctly. The following checklist facilitates this verification.

| Checklist completed by: |
|---|
| Signature: |
| Date (MM/DD/YYYY): |
| Harizantal plastic injection molding machine: |

Horizontal plastic injection molding machine: ______ (identification number or make, model and year of manufacture) Submitted to: _____

| | frst | POINTS TO BE CHECKED | | |
|--|------|--|-----|----|
| | N° | | YES | NO |
| ATTENTION: The fact that a safety device associated | 1. | It is impossible to start the machine when the mold area guard on the operator side is open (figure 2). | | |
| with a guard is operating does not guarantee that the | 2. | It is impossible to start the machine when the guard opposite the operator is open (figure 2). | | |
| machine is safe. This device must be installed in such a | 3. | It is impossible to start the machine with the purge splash guard open (figure 2). | | |
| way as not to eopardize the safety of the people | 4. | It is impossible to start the machine with the injection barrel guard open (figure 2). | | |
| working on the machine (see reference 2). | 5. | Actuation of the mechanical blocking system (e.g.: bar) of the movable platen prevents the mold from closing (figure 3). | | |
| | 6. | Actuation of the emergency stop button stops all motion of the machine. | | |
| | 7. | The working area is clean (e.g.: no granules or finished parts). | | |
| | 8. | The machine has no hydraulic oil, air or water leaks. | | |

Remarks:





SAFETY CHECKLISTS

REFERENCES

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